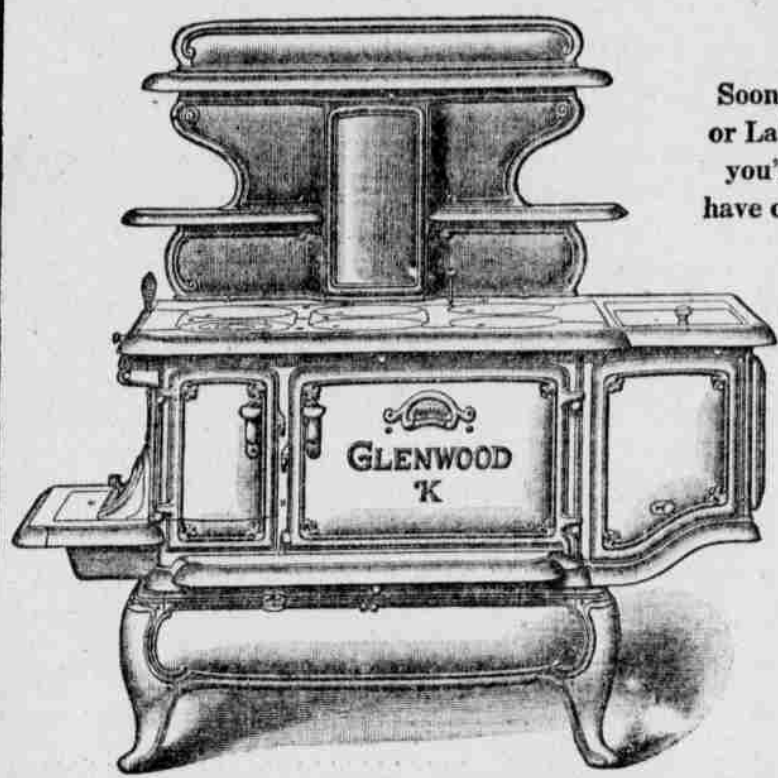


# Glenwood

The Range that  
"Makes Cooking Easy"



Reynolds & Son, Barre

Sooner  
or Later  
you'll  
have one

Now  
if you  
knew  
what it  
Saves

## Topics of the Home and Household.

Let the white woodwork have plenty of sunshine; too much shade will make it yellow.

Brown homespun linen makes cheap and excellent kitchen towels. Fold as they are taken from the line.

To make a chocolate sundae, a thick syrup should be made of a cupful of sugar, melted squares of chocolate and half a cupful of water. Chill and pour around each portion of plain ice cream.

When cooking any kind of hard fruit, pour over a little boiling water instead of cold; the fruit will cook in half the time, and so save gas. If the sugar is added when the fruit is cold, much less sugar will be required.

To wash a soiled silk or crepe de chine blouse, make a soda of warm water. Never use hot water, as that stiffens the silk and changes the color. Never rub the soap directly on the fabric, but make a thick lather. Then plunge the blouse in it again and again until it seems thoroughly clean. Rinse in several changes of water of the same temperature as the suds and wring gently. Iron wet, with a thin piece of muslin over the silk, and then without the muslin. Iron on the wrong side unless the silk is naturally shiny. If it is stiff, rub it between the hands and then iron again to remove the wrinkles.—Los Angeles Times.

Delicious Ways of Serving Crackers.  
For emergency use there is nothing

## FACE A SIGHT FROM PIMPLES

Itched and Burned, Sometimes  
Could Not Sleep, Cuticura Soap  
and Ointment Healed.

Sheffield, Mass.—"My face began to break out with little red pimples then they turned to sores and itched and burned nearly all the time. They came to a head and when I scratched turned to large open sores. My face was a terrible sight. Sometimes I could not go to sleep. I had tried all kinds of treatments but without success. Then I used Cuticura Soap and hot water to bathe my face and applied Cuticura Ointment when I went to bed. It seemed as if every day in a short time my face was entirely clear. Cuticura Soap and Ointment cured me." (Signed) Miss Lottie Higgins, Jan. 11, 1914.

## ECZEMA ITCHED AND BURNED

P. O. Box 254, St. Paul, Minn.—"My eczema began on my arms and body. It really spread to most all parts of the body. It appeared in small pimples which itched and burned. I would wake up in the night and scratch. Someone told me of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After using two boxes of Cuticura Ointment and the Cuticura Soap I was well." (Signed) Miss Fannie E. McKinn, Apr. 4, 1914.

## Samples Free by Mail

Although Cuticura Soap (10c) and Cuticura Ointment (20c) are sold by druggists and dealers throughout the world, a liberal sample of each with 25c. Skin Food will be sent free upon request. Address postpaid to "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

more helpful than a supply of crackers of various kinds. With a knowledge of how to make the most of these the resourceful housewife is able to use them as a substitute for dinner rolls to serve with soup, or with the salad course instead of breadsticks or cheese straws. They are also capable of being transformed into dainty morsels to serve with the sweet course at luncheon, says a writer for the New Haven Register.

One of the easiest and yet most uncommon ways to use the ordinary cracker is to serve it in a crisp, puffy form, which does not indicate its humble origin. For this purpose take Boston crackers, which split readily in halves.

Fill a shallow basin with cold water and let the cracker halves lie in the cold bath for four or five minutes. They will then be so water soaked that they must be handled carefully to avoid breaking. They are best removed with a cake turner.

Invert a baking tin, arrange on it the rounds of wet cracker and put a bit of butter on each. When placed in an extremely hot oven they will expand and become crisp and delicious. If they are to be served with soup or salad sprinkle them with paprika, but if intended for the afternoon table use a mixture of granulated sugar and cinnamon or brush with white of egg and add finely chopped nuts. Caraway seeds or old-fashioned fennel seeds are also among good additions to these prepared crackers and should be sprinkled on after removal from the oven.

Especially appropriate to serve with salads are crackers combined with cheese and any tart fruit jam or jelly. By using a piping tube, such as is employed for the fanciful arrangements of whipped cream, some pretty effects can be easily gained.

A rosette of moistened cream cheese can be piped in the center of any small plain cracker and a dot of stiff jelly can be placed thereon. A square cracker can have a border of the softened cheese piped around, leaving the inner surface of the cracker uncovered. This can be sprinkled with chopped nuts, with a dot of jelly in the center or the entire surface spread with stiff jelly, held in place by the border of cheese.

It is also a favorite plan to mix the cheese with bar le due or other fruit preserves and pipe this colored and flavored cheese in any preferred way on the plain crackers. Guava jelly is especially liked in combination with crackers and cheese. Graham crackers and plain ginger wafers are appropriate for this same form of handling and make appealing accompaniments for afternoon cocoa.

Dorothy Dexter.

## Christmas Cake.

Christmas is not complete without some special cake or candy to supplement the feast. Simple cake mixtures may form the foundation for dainty decorations formed of candied fruits and peel, mints, marshmallows and confections, as Yuletide cakes are supposed to be more elaborate than those served at less festive occasions.

In your cakes do not use any ingredients of poor quality, as they not only spoil the flavor but may make them unfit for food. Fine granulated sugar is preferred to pulverized as the latter tends to toughen the cake. Use pastry flour also the preference, as it makes a more tender cake than bread flour, although there are brands of the latter that may be used satisfactorily. Always sift the flour and the baking powder together several times, and when soda is used, it should be sifted with the flour four or five times. Never turn the cake over and over, as this reduces the power to leaven. He sitting it with the flour, the leavening agency is conserved until the least of the soda produces expansion and then the cake rises. Heat of the house, in Woman's World for December.

## INDIGESTION, GAS OR SICK, SOUR STOMACH

Time It!—"Pape's Diasepsin" Makes  
Your Upset, Bloating Stomach Feel  
Fine in Five Minutes.

"Really does" put bad stomachs in order—"really does" overcome indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that just makes Pape's Diasepsin the largest-selling stomach regulator in the world. If what you eat ferments into stubborn lumps, you bloat and eructate sour, undigested food and acid; head is dizzy and aches; breath foul; tongue coated; your insides filled with bile and indigestible waste, remember, the moment "Pape's Diasepsin" comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness.

A large 50-cent case of Pape's Diasepsin will give you a hundred dollars' worth of satisfaction or your druggist hands you your money back. It's worth its weight in gold to men and women who can't get their stomachs regulated. It belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of a sick, sour, upset stomach during the day or at night. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach doctor in the world.—Advt.

## PROHIBITION IN RUSSIA.

Crowds Seeking to Buy on the Last Day  
of Legal Selling.

Petrograd, Nov. 16.—Thousands of men, women and children at Petrograd stood since 4 o'clock Saturday morning in a driving snowstorm before the doors of the liquor shops on the last day in which it is possible to buy light wine and beer under the prohibition act of the Russian government, which to-morrow becomes absolute. Applicants for a final supply of beverages came with baskets, sacks, carts and wheelbarrows, many having pawned their last belongings to procure means to buy.

This final prohibition act is the last of three distinct liquor reforms, the first curtailing the sale of vodka, and the second abolishing it absolutely. The third measure extends the prohibition to every form of alcoholic drink in all portions of the empire under martial law. Cities included under the prohibition are Odessa, Riga, Warsaw, Moscow, Kiev, virtually all cities of western Russia.

## His Reason.

His sister sought to console William. "Cheer up," she said. "Maggie has treated you badly, but you will soon forget her."

"No, I shan't," said William, gloomily. "I'm not for a long time yet. All the jewelry I bought her was on the easy payment installment system."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Your baby's tender "tummy" will  
Find THIS the BEST for "every" ill

**Kellogg's  
Tasteless  
Castor Oil**

New 2-oz. for 3-oz. bottle (used to be 2-oz.)  
2-oz. for 2-oz. bottle (used to be 1-oz.)

## LORD ROBERTS DIES SUDDENLY

England's Famous Warrior  
Takes Chill Visit-  
ing Front

WAS STRICKEN  
WITH PNEUMONIA

"Bobs" Was the Idol of the  
British Sol-  
diers

London, Nov. 16.—Lord Frederick Sleight Roberts, England's aged and famous marshal—"Roberts of Kandahar, Pretoria and Waterford," but better known to every Englishman as "Bobs"—died Saturday evening in France, where he had gone to greet the Indian troops, with whom his military career was chiefly associated and of whom he was nominally colonel-in-chief. The news of his death was contained in this telegram from Sir John French to Earl Kitchener given out at London late Saturday night: "I deeply regret to tell you that Lord Roberts died at 8 o'clock this evening." The old soldier, who was 82 on Sept. 30, had a chill Thursday evening and quickly succumbed to pneumonia.

Although Lord Roberts had died in the midst of a conflict in which his age prevented an active part and beside which his wars seem like puny skirmishes, he was still the best-known, and the best-loved, of the world's soldiers. His fighting days ended 14 years ago, when he came victoriously home from South Africa, was made an earl and was received by Queen Victoria, who died eight days later, at the last audience she gave. But the present war is yet too young and too uncertain for its heroes to stand out with certainty, and the fame which the wiry little man, best known as "Bobs," had gained by his gallant campaigns and service of over 40 years in India, including the Abyssinian campaign of 1867, remained undiminished. This was partly because of the affection he inspired and partly because his constant warnings to England that almost any day for the hour that is now come had kept him in the public eye.

Thus the passing of Lord Roberts at 82, while it takes from England a great soldier, does not take one still able to lead her armies. Yet his death at precisely this stage of the war, when the British army has given so brilliant an account of itself on the battle line in France, vividly recalls the little wars of half a century ago in which that army and its leaders may be said to have been drilled and trained and its traditions upheld. One may not pass in review the incidents of Lord Roberts' military career without being reminded that if, as Prof. Cramb declared in his now celebrated "Germany and England," the sun has scarcely set except, somewhere in the world, upon an Englishman dead for the empire, these wars in her far possessions have made her army what it is and that the spirit of her army is, more than that of any other man, the spirit of Roberts. There was this further appropriateness in his nickname "Bobs," that it is said in Hindi to mean "hero."

Lord Roberts was in active service for nearly sixty years. He was the son of Gen. Sir Abraham Roberts and was born in Cawnpore, India, Sept. 30, 1832. After a school course in England he obtained a commission in the Bengal artillery Dec. 12, 1851. The next year he was joined a field battery at Peshawar and was aide-de-camp to his father. At the outbreak of the mutiny in 1857 he was a staff officer, and thereafter for twenty-two years he had part in all the military operations of the British in India.

He won the Victoria Cross in 1858 by capturing a native standard single-handed from two Sepoys. He was mentioned seven times for gallantry in dispatches during the mutiny, and in 1860 he had won a captain's epaulet and a brevet as major.

In 1867 his services in the campaign in Abyssinia won him frequent mention in dispatches and medals. In 1871 he fitted out an expedition into Burma and cut his way into the enemy's country through 100 miles of jungle. In 1878 he had command of the frontier field forces and invaded Afghanistan through the northern passes.

His service in South Africa began in 1881, after the Majuba Hill disaster. Order was promptly restored in that district, and in 1883 he was back in India, where distinguished active service for several years, with uniform success, won him various titles and other military honors. He became field marshal in 1895 and Queen Victoria knighted him in 1897.

In 1900 he took command of the English forces in the Boer war in South Africa, prosecuted the campaign with his usual vigor and won the war for the British. For this service he was made commander-in-chief and in 1901 Queen Victoria bestowed upon him the Order of the Garter. When the German emperor visited London for Queen Victoria's funeral he decorated Lord Roberts with the Order of the Black Eagle.

## A Novel Present for a College Girl.

In the December Woman's Home Companion appears a page devoted to suggestions for Christmas which require more thought than money. As Iowa woman tells us follows what she gave her niece, a college girl:

"My gift to a niece at college was a small box containing fifty times, and across the lid I had written 'For Treats Only.'"

"My niece was earning her way through school and every penny she had was obliged to be for her school expenses. Having been a college girl myself I knew her longings to be able to secure the little treats given her by her fellow students. Had I given her a five dollar bill with no instructions as to its use she would have felt obliged to add it to her meager bank account."

## TRUCE IN MEXICO

Reported from One Source  
and Denied from  
Another

VERA CRUZ  
ORDERS STAND

Washington Still Hopes to  
Move Out Troops  
on 23d

Washington, Nov. 16.—While awaiting with interest official confirmation of a report from Mexico that a truce had been arranged by leaders of the Carranza and Aguascalientes claimants to control of the central government, the Washington government allowed its orders to Gen. Funston to stand Saturday night, and Vera Cruz will be returned to Mexican control on Nov. 23 unless some radical change in the situation there prevents. The American expeditionary force at Vera Cruz will embark on that date for Galveston, and the Mexican factions be left to work out their own destiny, the policy of watchful waiting not having been altered.

State department officials looked upon the reported truce, however, as a hopeful sign. They believed that if the leaders had been able to bring it about it could be extended for a long enough period to permit the Aguascalientes convention to carry out its avowed purpose and arrange for the election of a provisional president to succeed Gen. Gutierrez, nominated as president ad interim.

Although Secretary Bryan declined to say Saturday to whom Gen. Funston would surrender custody of Vera Cruz, it is believed his instructions are to turn the city over to whatever de facto authorities appear to receive it. The Washington government does not intend to recognize any faction in Mexico through this transfer. Assurances have been received both from Gen. Carranza and from the Aguascalientes convention authorities that the guarantees required by the United States would be forthcoming, and Washington officials feel that their responsibility ends there.

Gen. Candido Aguilar, a Carranza supporter, has been encamped with his troops just outside Vera Cruz for many weeks, having been sent by Carranza to receive the city from the Americans when they withdraw. Unless Gen. Aguilar is withdrawn in the meantime, it is believed that Gen. Funston will leave the city in his possession. Should an official appointed by Aguascalientes convention chiefs appear, however, with sufficient control of the surrounding territory to warrant his claim, the transfer will be made to him. In other words, Gen. Funston will hand over Vera Cruz to the man who presents himself with the means to receive and protect it, no matter which faction he may represent.

Although orders have been sent to Gen. Funston to allow Mexican priests and nuns to sail from Vera Cruz on the transport San Marcos, it was not known definitely Saturday, whether they had actually left. The San Marcos might have left port, it was said, before Gen. Funston received the instructions. It is understood 49 nuns and 11 priests have been living disguised in Vera Cruz for some time past, accepting places as servants and laborers, to avoid falling into the hands of the constitutionalists.

Consul General Silliman is believed to have followed Gen. Carranza from Mexico City to Cordoba, where the first chief has taken up his temporary headquarters. The state department had no word Saturday from him and knows nothing officially of what is going on in Mexico City.

Rafael Zubaran Capmany, Washington representative of Gen. Carranza, issued a statement Saturday night commenting upon the evacuation of Vera Cruz which said:

"President Wilson's act in withdrawing the American troops from Vera Cruz will have the effect of joining Mexico and this country in the closest bonds of friendship. Moreover, it will have a far-reaching effect on the diplomacy of the western hemisphere and will serve to strikingly demonstrate that the United States is not, as it has sometimes been designated, the 'bully of this continent,' but is in fact the sincere friend of the Latin American republics."

"I am hopeful that it will also have a beneficial effect on the internal questions of Mexico and assist in obtaining



## Resinol clears away pimples

Pimples and blackheads disappear, completely complexion becomes clear, skin, and healthy, and hair healthy and beauty are promoted by the regular use of Resinol Soap and an occasional application of Resinol Ointment. Sold by all druggists; prescribed by physicians.

## It's Luscious Peppermint Flavor is DOUBLE Strength

—that means you can  
chew it from Chelsea  
to the Strand and back again—and  
still that palate-pleasing Peppermint  
taste is THERE—you can't lose it.

Then it's DOUBLE wrapped,  
to bottle up that flavor and  
keep it always fresh and  
tasty—from the factory  
to you—

## WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM

And, with each 5c package  
you get a United Profit-  
Sharing Coupon, good  
for valuable  
presents.

It's worth while  
to sample it  
today!



United  
Coupons now  
come also with

WRIGLEY'S  
SPEARMINT

the well known favorite.

## an amicable solution of our present diffi- culties."

## TRUCE REPORT DENIED.

Carranza Bureau in New York Asserts  
Hostilities Have Begun.

New York, Nov. 16.—Information directly contradictory of reports Saturday from Washington, which stated that progress was being made in efforts to arrange a truce between the Carranza and Villa forces in Mexico, was given out Saturday night by the Mexican information bureau in New York. This bureau is in the hands of men who have been openly hostile to Villa. The information bureau made public what purported to be telegrams received Saturday from Cordoba, one signed by Gen. Venustiano Carranza and the other by Luis Cabrera, his legal adviser.

The message said to have been sent by Carranza stated that hostilities had begun between his forces and those of the Aguascalientes convention. The statement also was made that Carranza would not conduct negotiations with the convention, with Gen. Eulalio Gutierrez, or with any of the "rebels" who support him.

The Cabrera telegram stated that Gutierrez on Thursday asked for a telegraphic conference with Carranza, and that they exchanged two telegrams each. The message further says that Carranza invited Gutierrez to a personal interview but that no answer was received from the latter. The telegram gives at length

the reasons offered by Carranza for refusing to recognize the election of Gutierrez by the convention, chief of which was that he could not be chosen legally because Carranza had not resigned. The further statement is made that Villa has retired "only apparently," while in reality "managing" Gutierrez.

## His Own or the Tree's?

Uncle Sol threw aside the letter he was reading and uttered an exclamation of impatience. "Doggone!" he cried, "why can't people be more explicit?" "What's the matter?" asked Aunt Sue. "This letter from home," Uncle Sol answered, "says father fell out of the old apple tree and broke a limb."—Youngstown Telegram.

## INDOORS From 8 to 5

often weakens even  
a strong constitution as  
shown in nervous symptoms, lan-  
guor and repeated colds.  
SCOTT'S EMULSION is helping  
thousands every day; its rare  
oil-food enriches the blood,  
aids the lungs—it is a  
strength-sustaining tonic  
free from alcohol. TRY IT.

## A NEWSPAPER OF CHARACTER Springfield Republican

MASSACHUSETTS  
ABLE, INDEPENDENT, READABLE  
(Established in 1824 by Samuel Bowler)

Daily (Morning), 8¢; Sunday, 5¢; Weekly, 1¢ a Year

The Republican takes seriously its responsibilities to the public. It appeals for popular support by service that is guided by intelligence and a purpose to inform, assist and incidentally entertain and instruct its readers.

It gathers the news with enterprise and alertness, and presents it in attractive and convenient form. It disdains to employ the style of the circus poster and seeks to make itself typographically pleasing and tasteful.

It is extremely liberal in its provision of reading matter in all of its three editions. Its editorials constitute one of its distinguishing and most valued features. Literature, art, science, education, religion, philanthropy—all receive generous treatment in its columns; likewise agriculture and industry. Special attention is given to the various healthful outdoor sports.

The Weekly Republican is made up with great care for the wide audience outside of the local environment. It is, in fact, a rich weekly magazine sold at a remarkably low price.

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